Structure-Aware Manipulation of Images and Videos

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School of Computer Science, Tel Aviv University



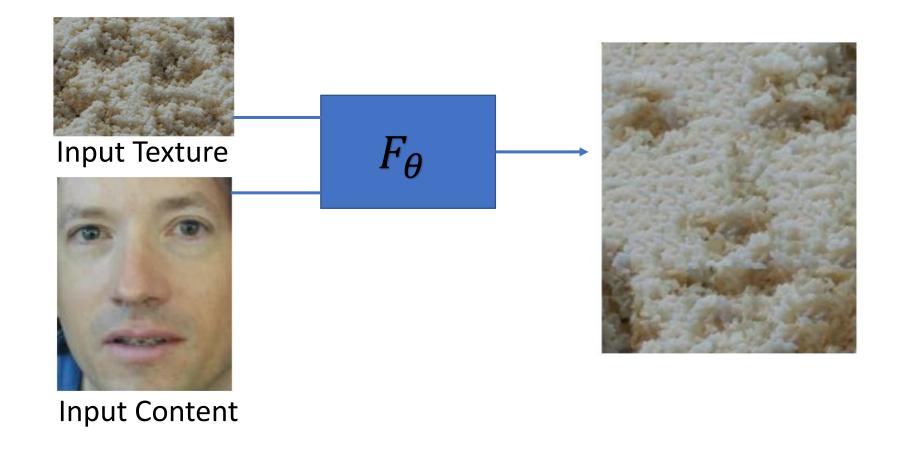
What is a natural image?

Intelligent
machines must
understand
perceived
content



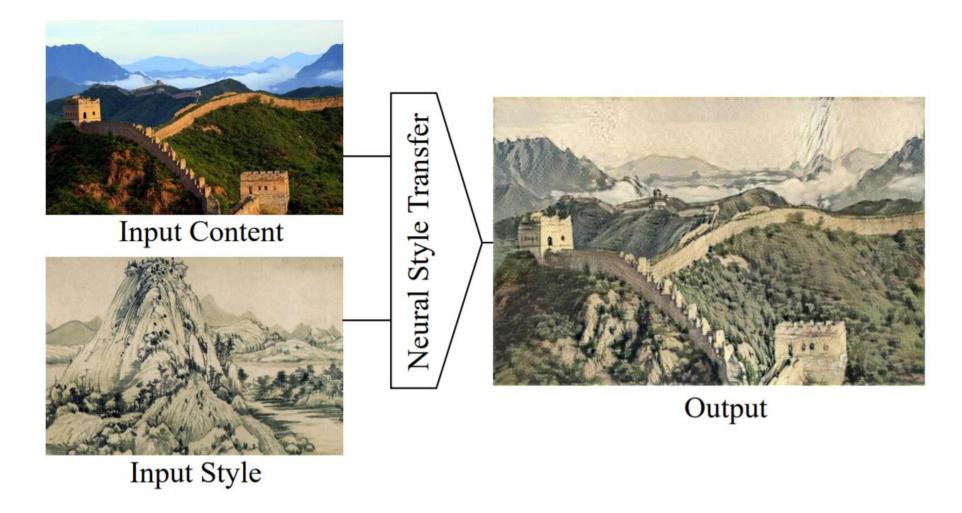
Understanding by creating/manipulating: "What I cannot create, I do not understand" (Richard Feynman)

Manipulating Texture



A.A.Efros, W.T.Freeman. "Image Quilting for Texture Synthesis and Transfer". SIGGRAPH01

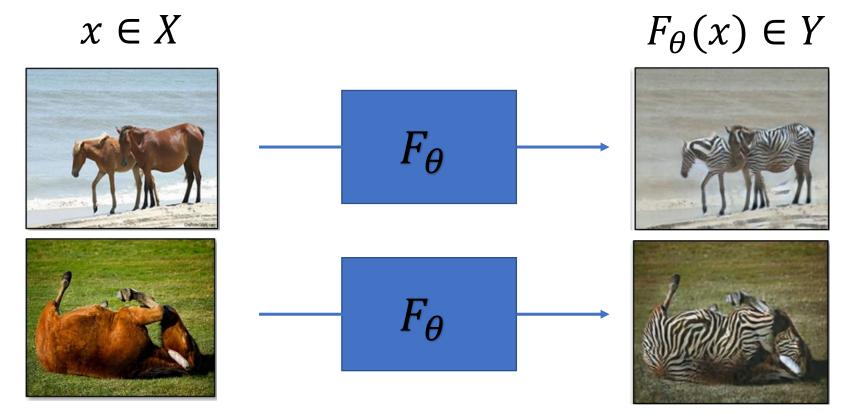
Manipulating Style



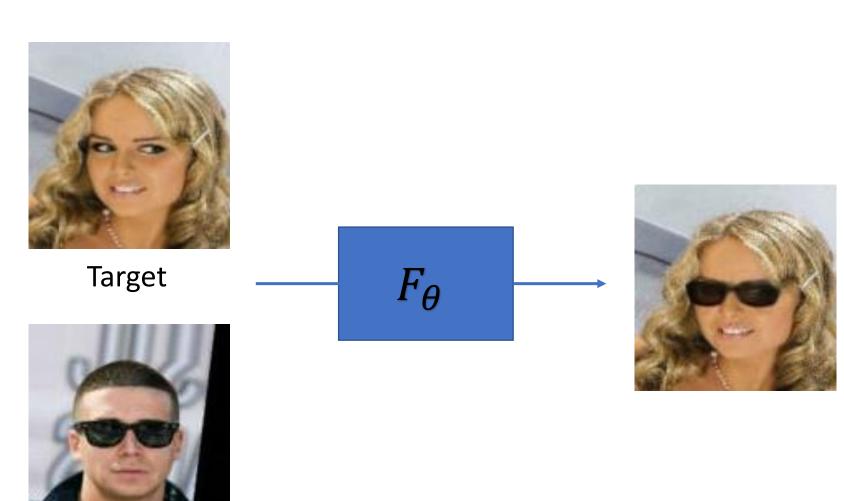
L. A. Gatys, A. S. Ecker, and M. Bethge. "A neural algorithm of artistic style". 2015.

Image to Image Translation

- 1. $F_{\theta}(x)$ preserves the **structure** of objects of x
- 2. $F_{\theta}(x)$ belongs to Y's distribution (changes **style**)

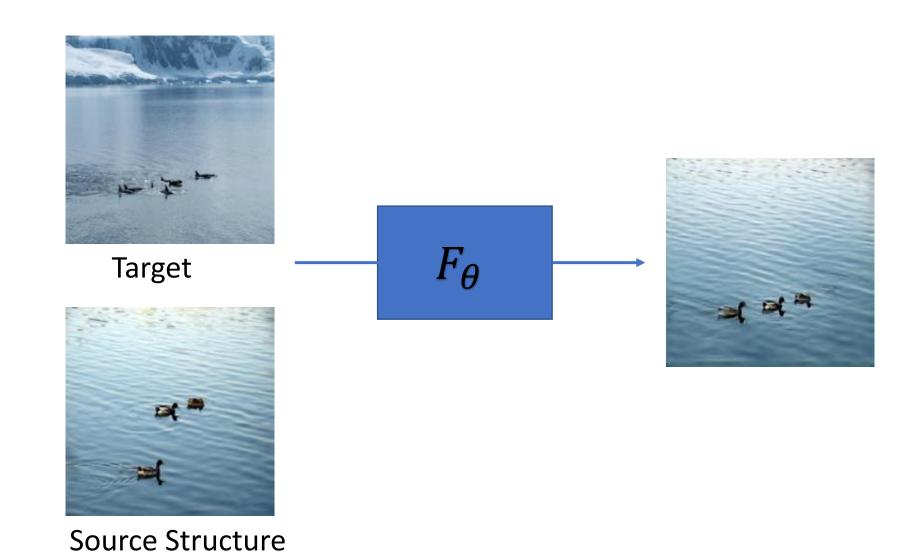


Manipulating Structure



Source Structure

Manipulating Structure



Architecture



Applications

Video games



Movies



Advertising



AR/VR



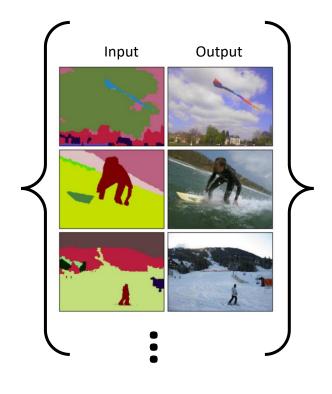
Autonomous Driving Simulations



Multi-Image Approaches

Supervised (Paired) Setting

Train Test





Unsupervised (Unpaired) Setting



Faces without glasses



Faces with glasses

Control Structure of Generated Faces (Transfer Glasses)

Common



Separate

Unsupervised Approaches

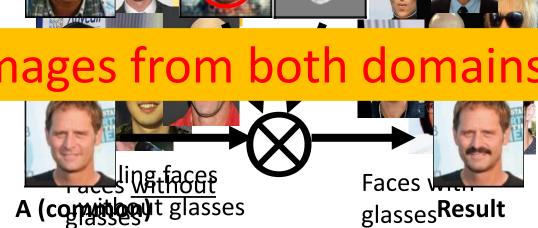
O. Press, T. Galanti, **S. Benaim,** L. Wolf. Emerging Disentanglement in Auto-Encoder Based Unsupervised Image Content Transfer. In **ICLR 2019.**

S Renaim M Khaitov T Galanti I Wolf

Require a large collection of images from both domains

III ICCV, ZUIJ.

R. Mokady, **S. Benaim**, L. Wolf, A. Bermano. Mask Based Unsupervised Content Transfer. In **ICLR**, **2020**.



Patch-Based Approaches

Multi-Image Distribution

Multi-Scale Patch Distribution



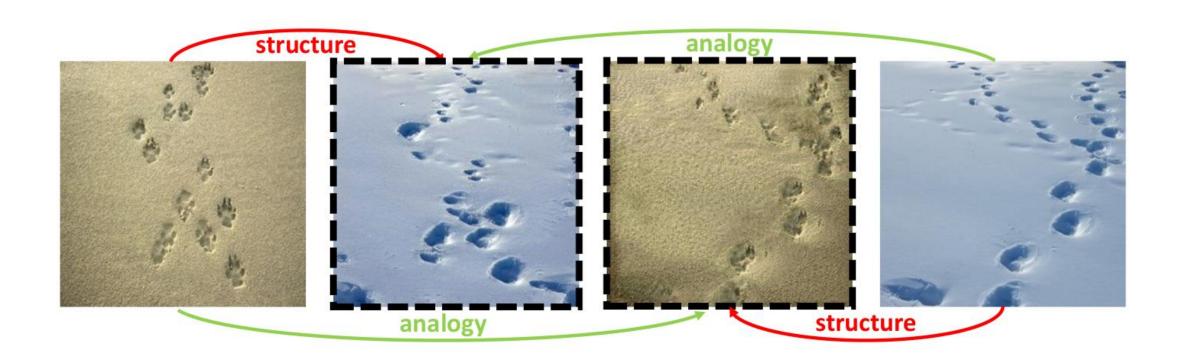
Structural-analogy from a Single Image Pair

S. Benaim*, R. Mokady*, A. Bermano, D Cohen-Or, L. Wolf. CGF 2020. (*Equal contribution)

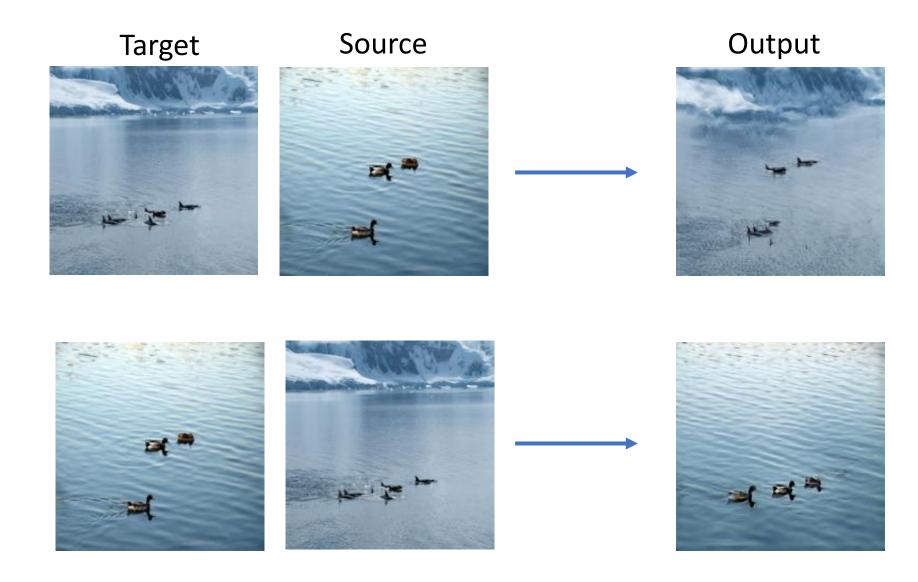


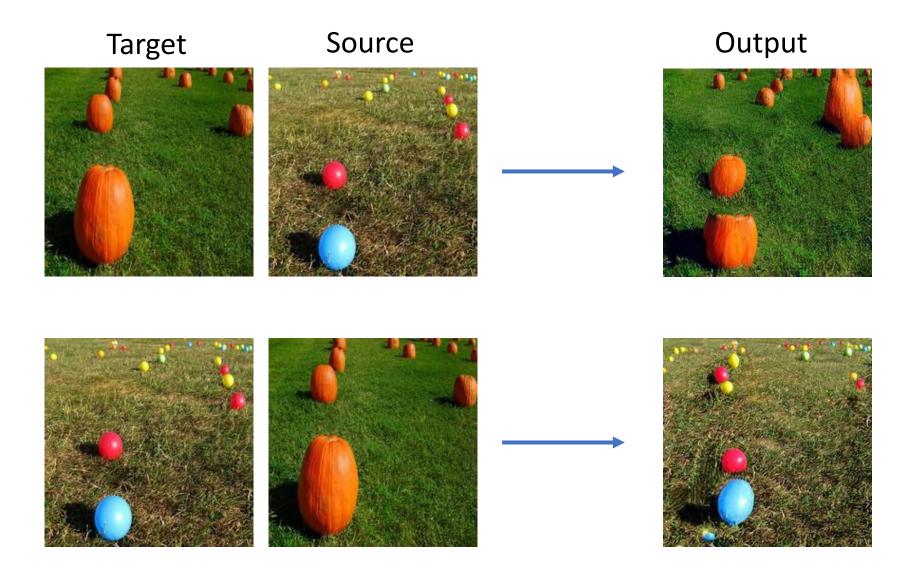


Generate an image which is aligned to the source image but depicts structure from a target image



Source Output Target



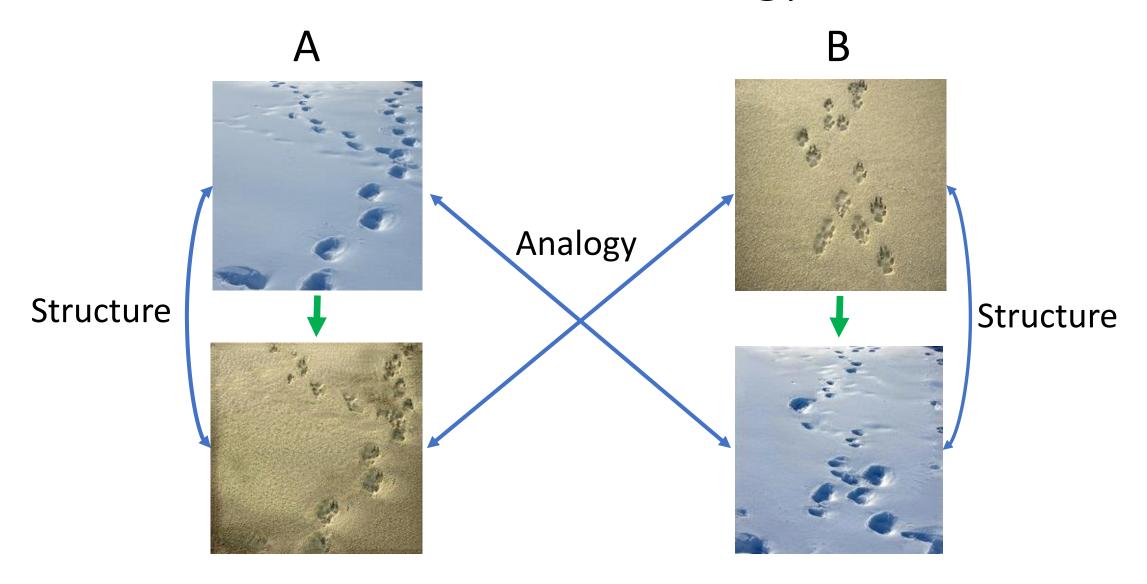


Style Transfer

Deep Image Analogy



Cannot Change Object Shape



Motivation

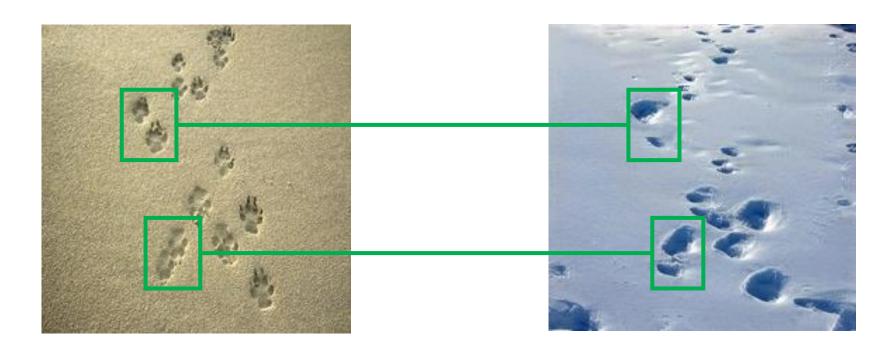
A





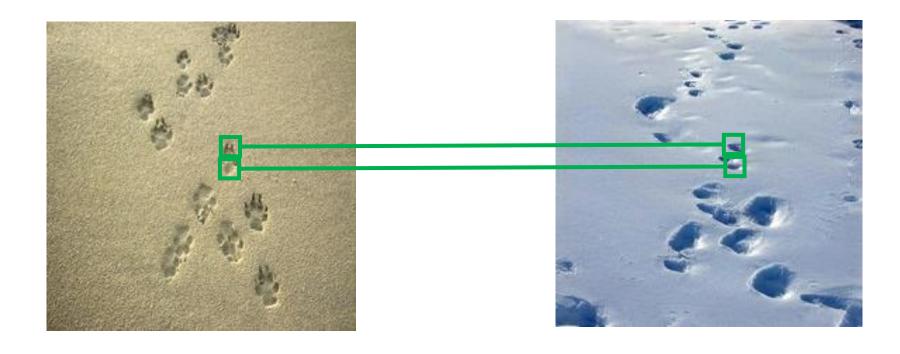
Motivation

A B



Motivation

A



Proposed Hierarchical Approach

Coarsest scale:

Large Patches

Finest scale:

Small Patches

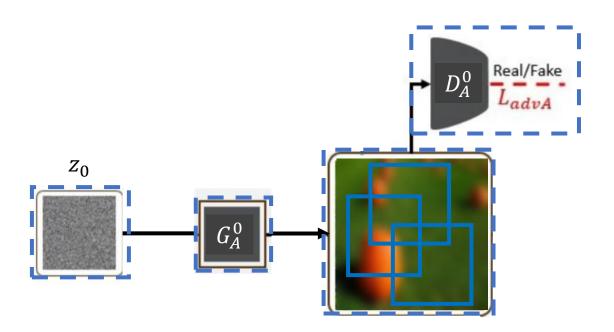
 \bar{a}^0 (Unconditional) $\bar{a}\bar{b}^0$ (Conditional)

 \overline{a}^{N} (Unconditional) \overline{ab}^{N} (Conditional)

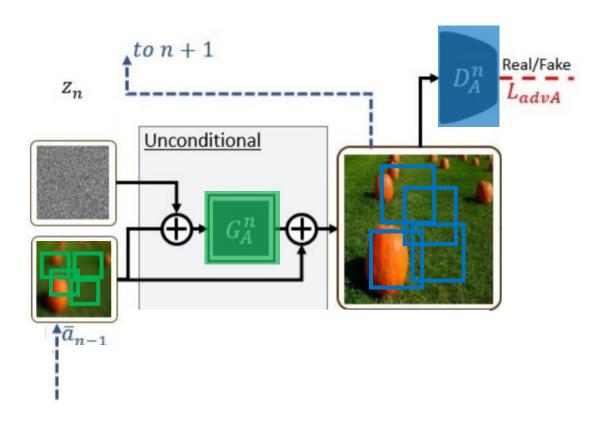
LEVEL = 0

LEVEL = N

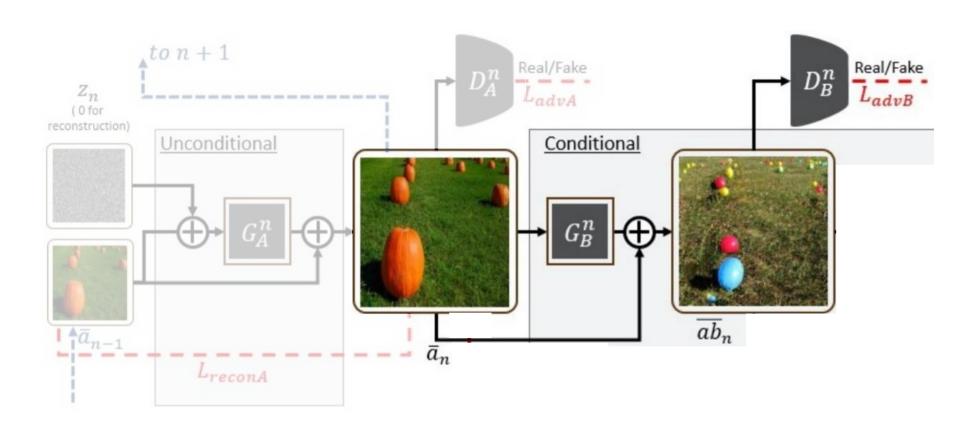
<u>Unconditional</u> Generation (Level 0)



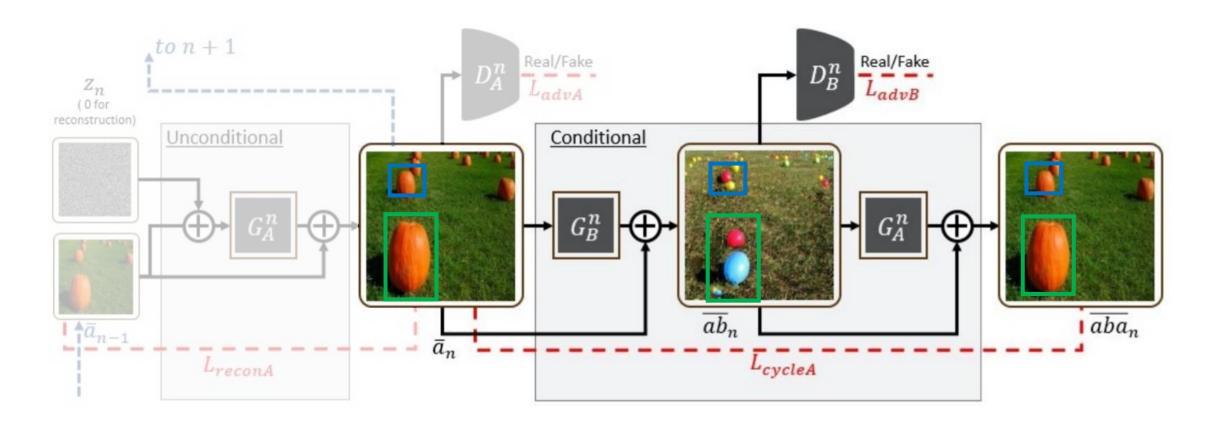
Unconditional Generation (Level n)



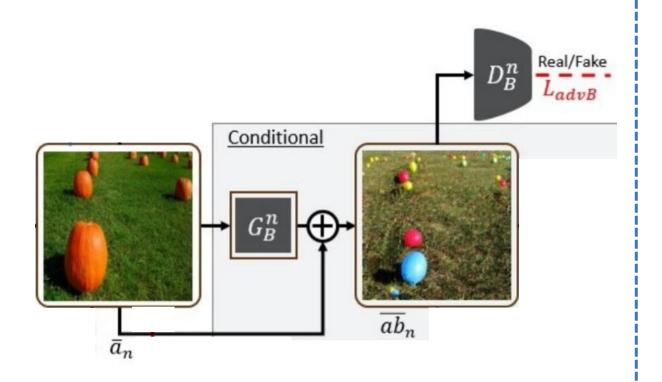
Conditional Generation (Level n)

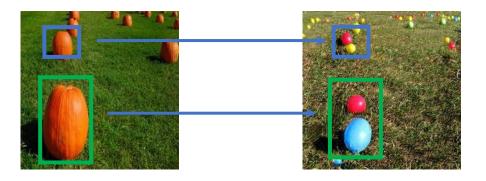


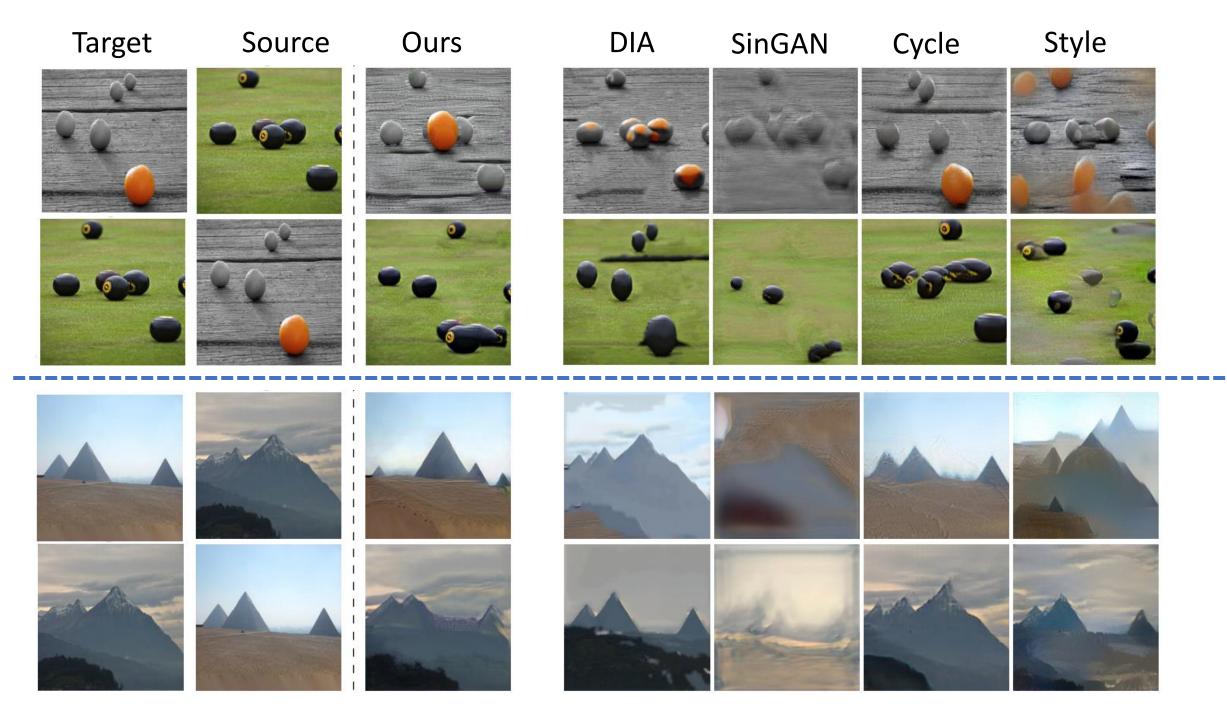
Conditional Generation (Level n)



Coarse and Mid Scales: Residual Training





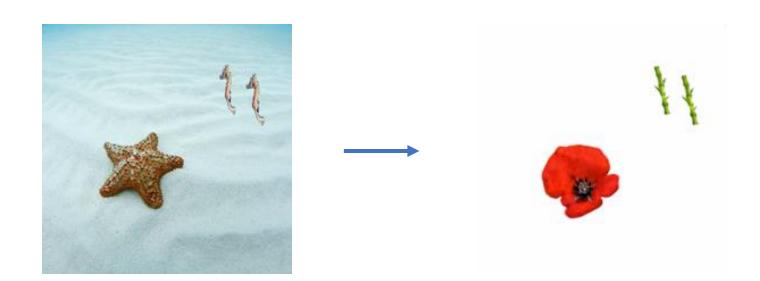


Multiple Class Types

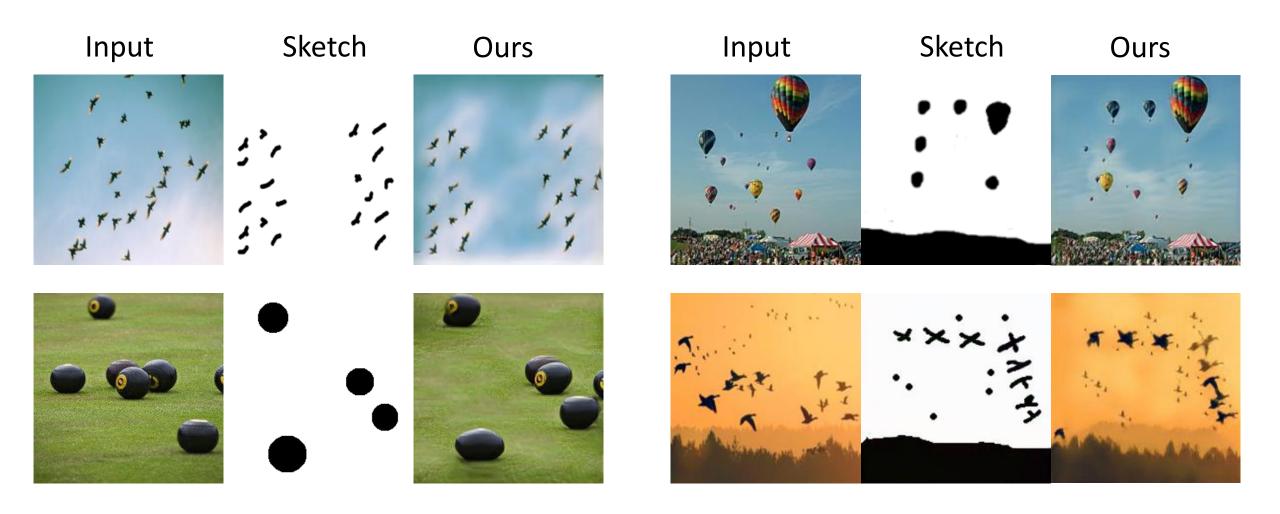
Input Output

Input

Output



Paint to Image



Video Generation





Structure Manipulation for Videos

Hierarchical Patch VAE-GAN: Generating Diverse Videos from a **Single Sample**

S. Gur*, **S. Benaim***, L. Wolf. NeurIPS 2020 (*Equal contribution)









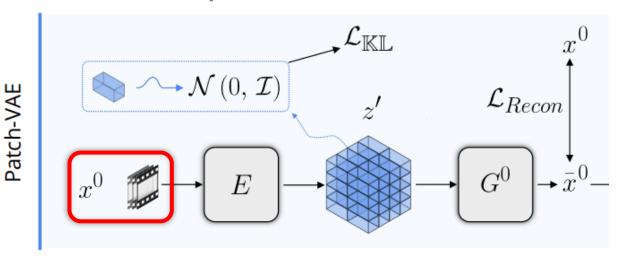
Hierarchical Patch VAE-GAN:

Generating Diverse Videos from a Single Sample

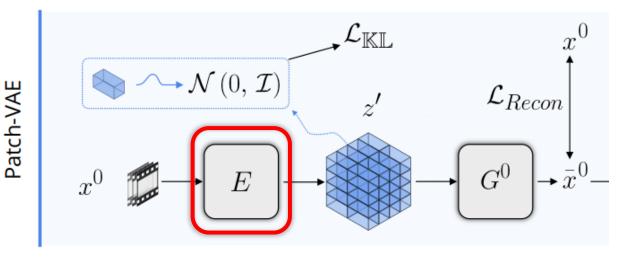
S. Gur*, **S. Benaim***, L. Wolf. NeurIPS 2020 (*Equal contribution)

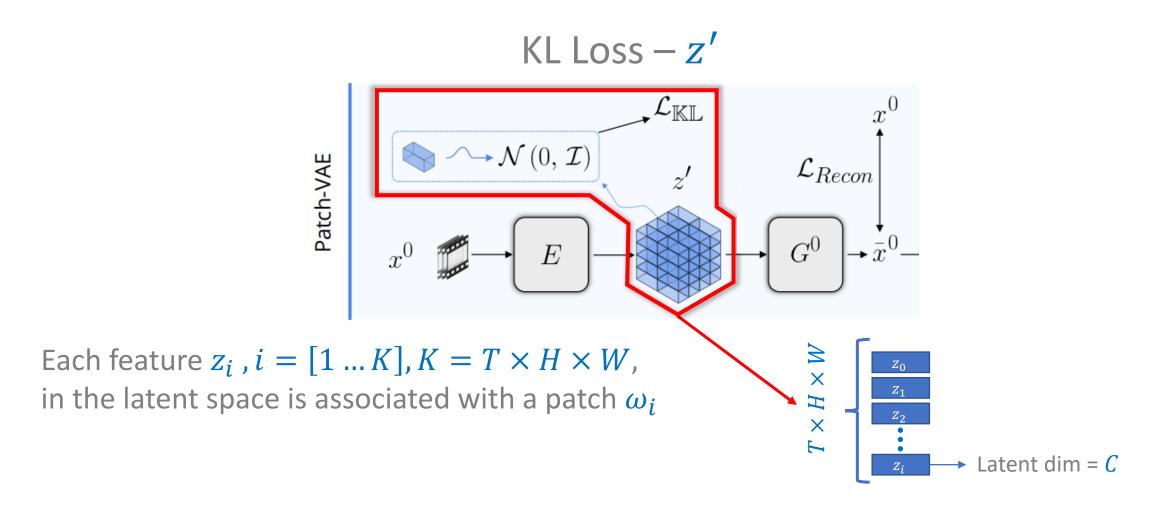
Generated Samples (13 Frames) Real

Input video - x^0

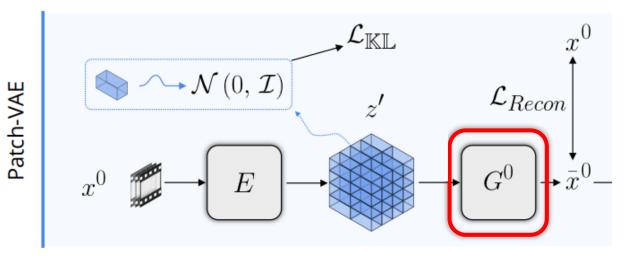




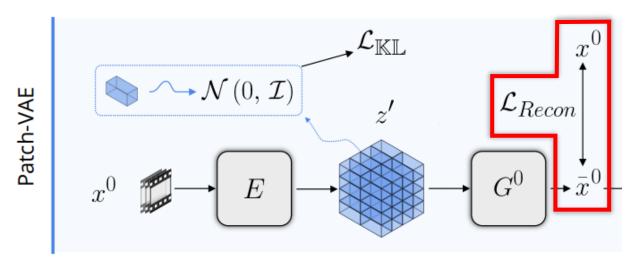








Reconstruction loss



Coarsest scale: Low resolution

and frame rate

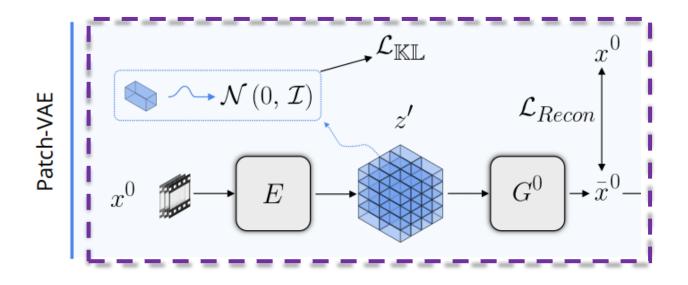
 x^0 (Real) \bar{x}^0 (Generated)

LEVEL = 0

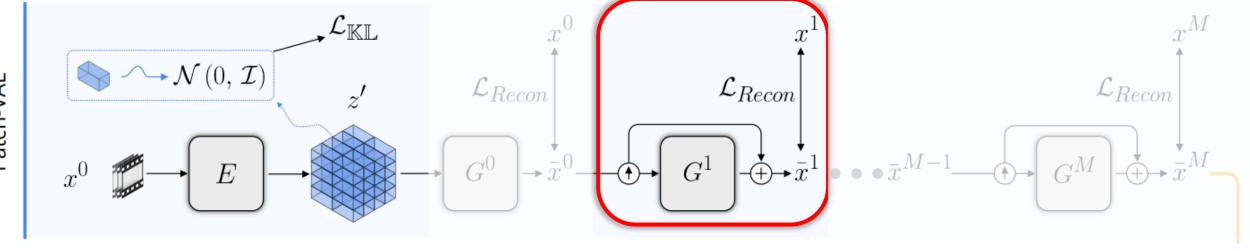
Finest scale:
High resolution
and frame rate

 x^N (Real) \bar{x}^N (Generated)

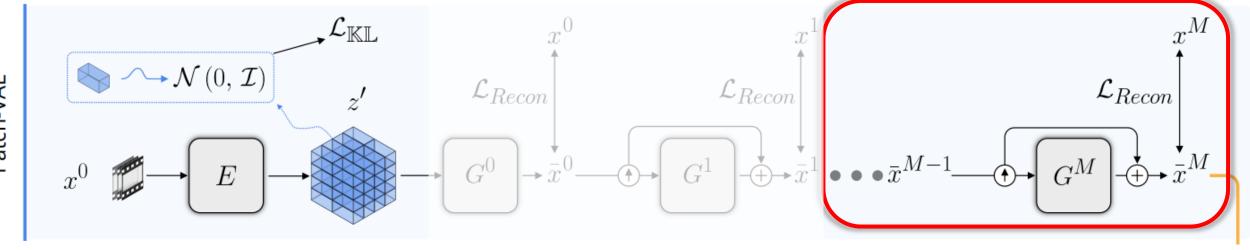
LEVEL = N



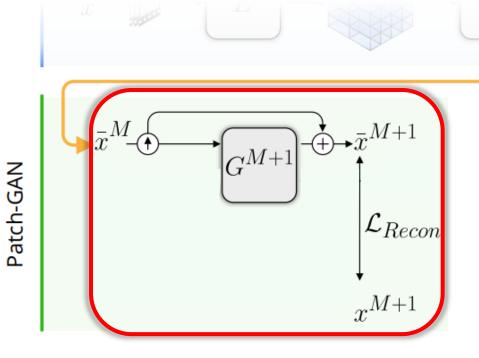
Up-sampling block - \bar{x}^1



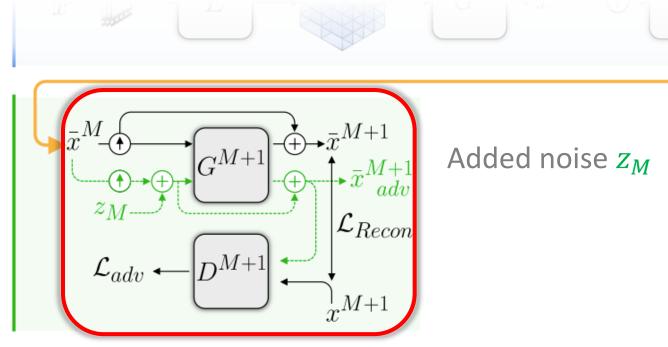
Hierarchical up-sampling up to \bar{x}^M



Up-sampling block \bar{x}^{M+1}

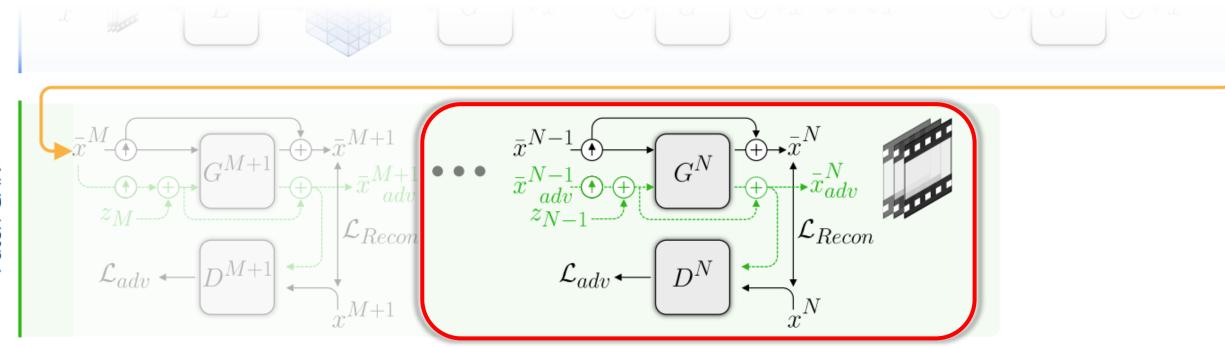


Adversarial training



LEVEL = M + 1

Hierarchical up-sampling up to final resolution \bar{x}^N



Effect of Number of patch-VAE levels

Training Video



9 Levels Total

1 p-VAE – 8 p-GAN



8 p-VAE - 1 p-GAN

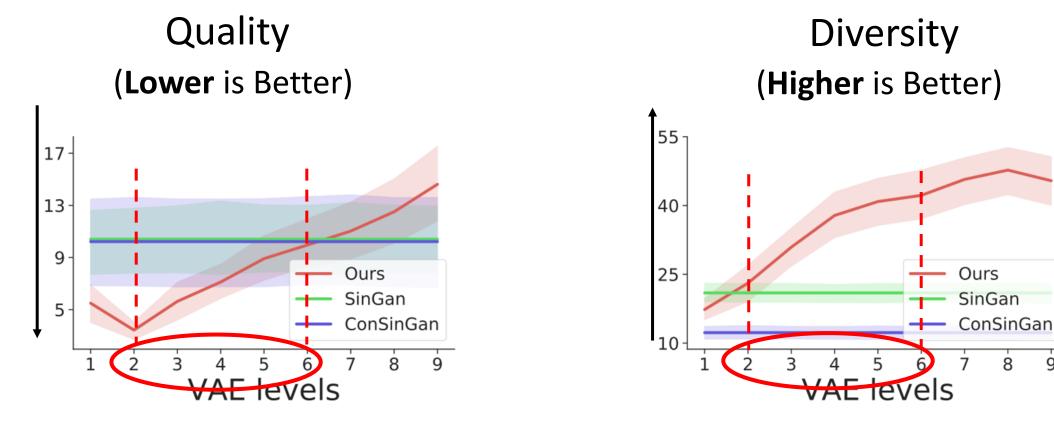


3 p-VAE - 6 p-GAN



Effect of Number of patch-VAE levels

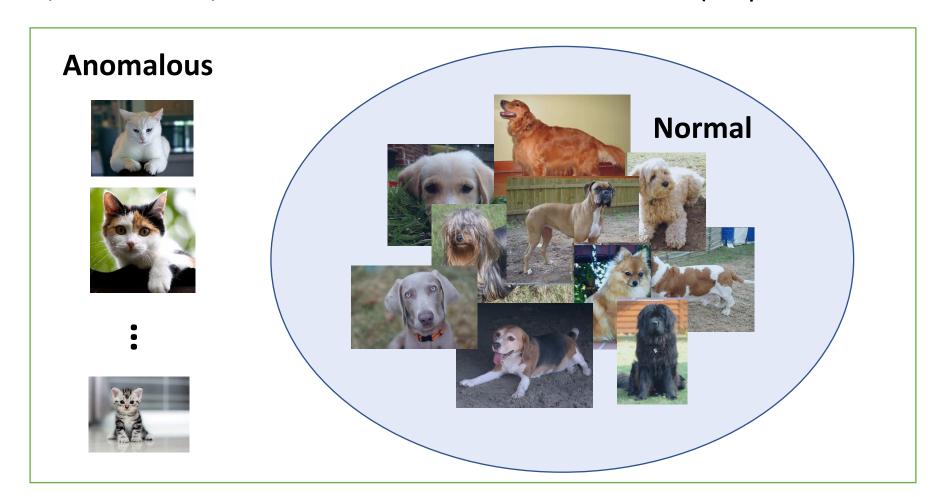
Total of 9 layers



Structure Manipulation for Downstream Tasks

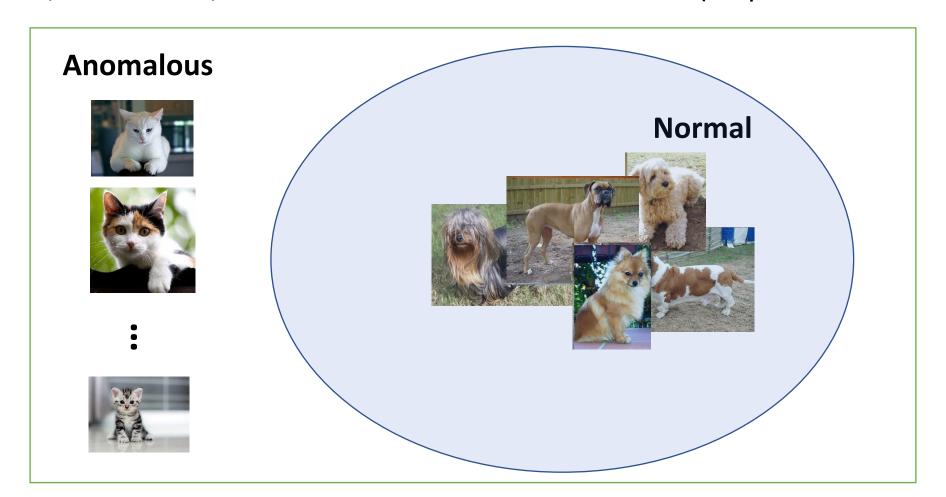
A Hierarchical Transformation-Discriminating Generative Model for Few Shot Anomaly Detection

S. Sheynin*, S. Benaim*, L. Wolf. In Submission to ICCV 2021. (*Equal contribution)



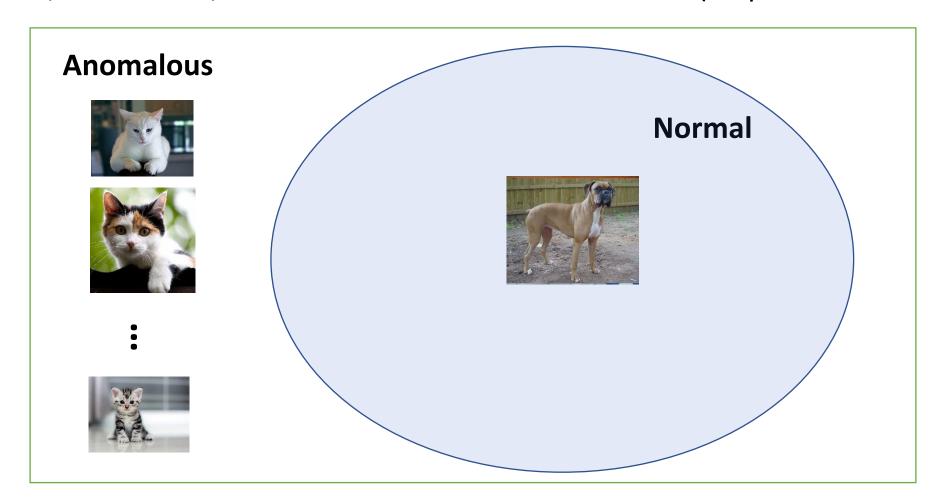
A Hierarchical Transformation-Discriminating Generative Model for Few Shot Anomaly Detection

S. Sheynin*, S. Benaim*, L. Wolf. In Submission to ICCV 2021. (*Equal contribution)

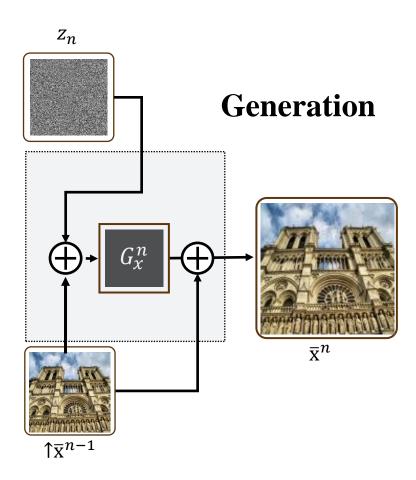


A Hierarchical Transformation-Discriminating Generative Model for Few Shot Anomaly Detection

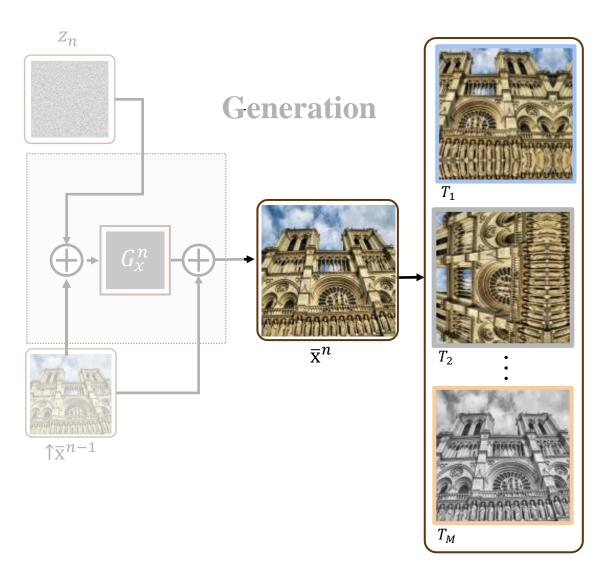
S. Sheynin*, S. Benaim*, L. Wolf. In Submission to ICCV 2021. (*Equal contribution)



Unconditional **Generation** (Level n)



Transform Generated Sample



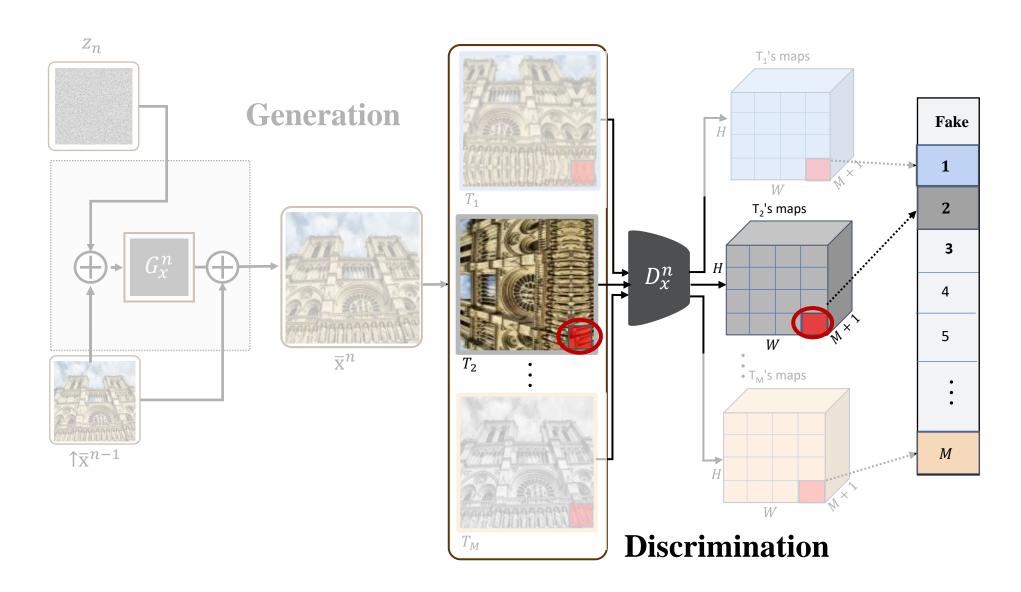
T₁: Horizontal Flip, Translation (y-axis)

T₂: 90° Rotation, Translation (x-axis), Translation (y-axis)

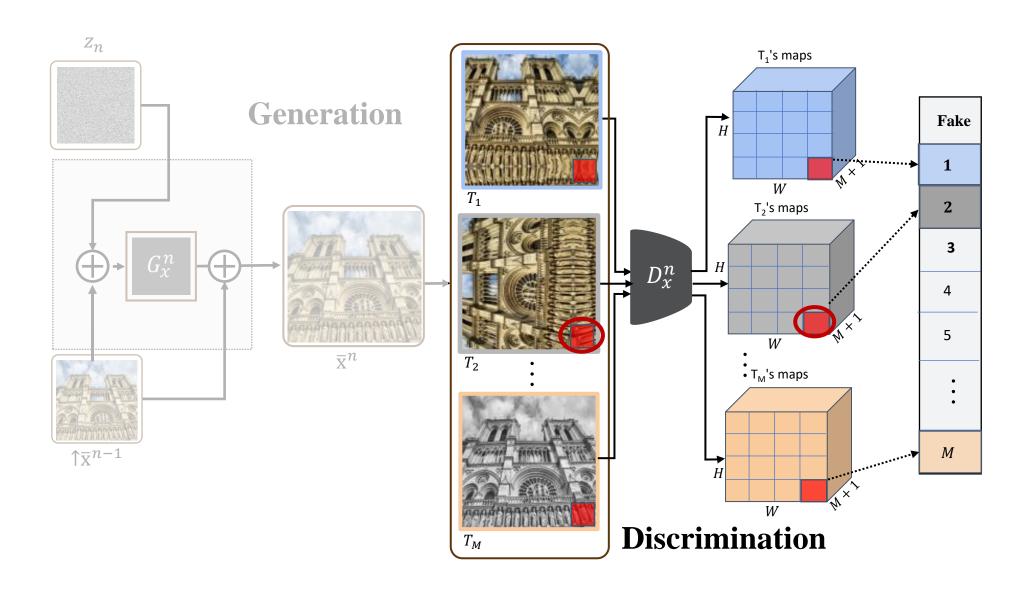
• • •

T_M: Grayscale (y-axis)

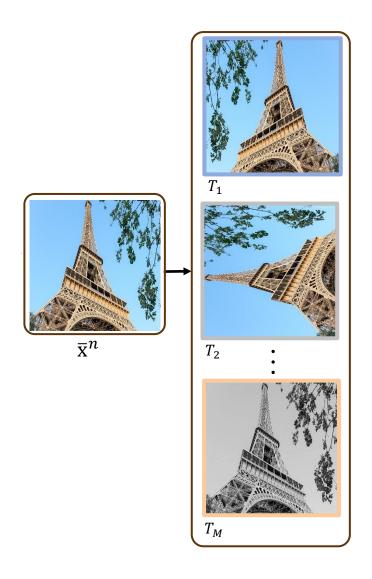
Patch-Based Self Supervised Task



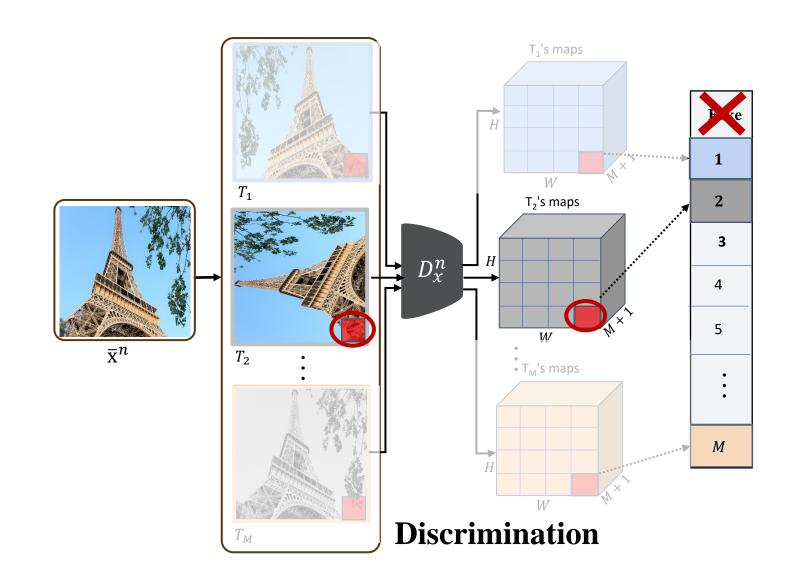
Patch-Based Self Supervised Task



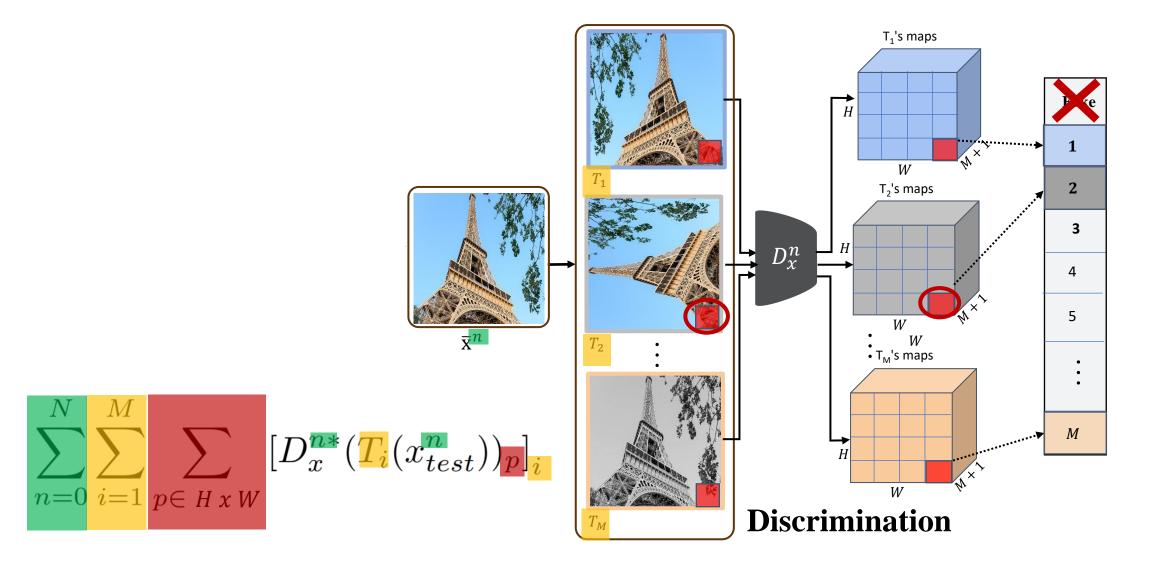
Test Time: Anomaly Score (Scale n)



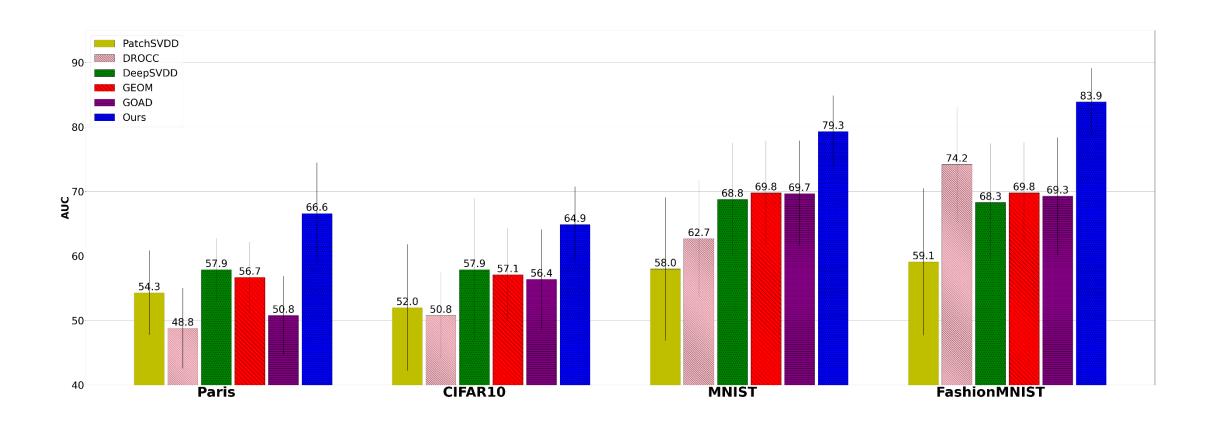
Test Time: Anomaly Score (Scale n)



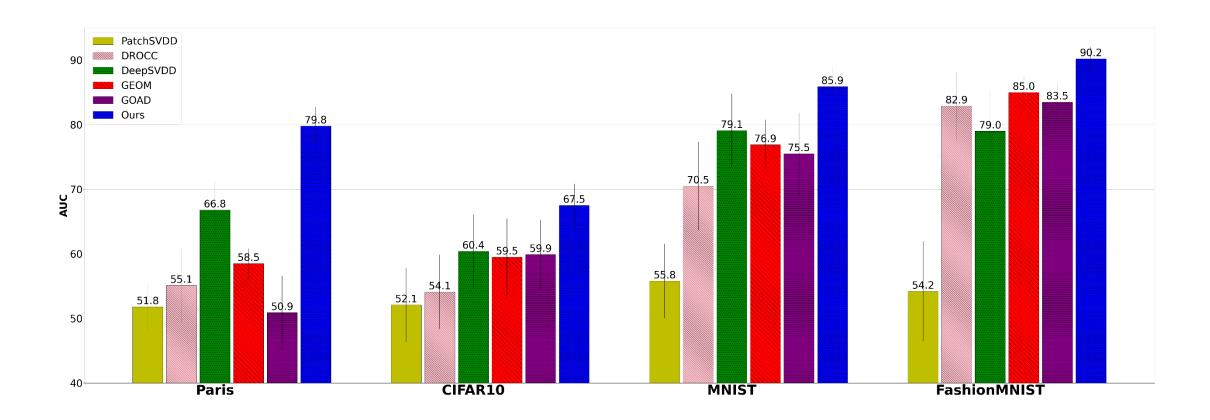
Test Time: Anomaly Score (Scale n)



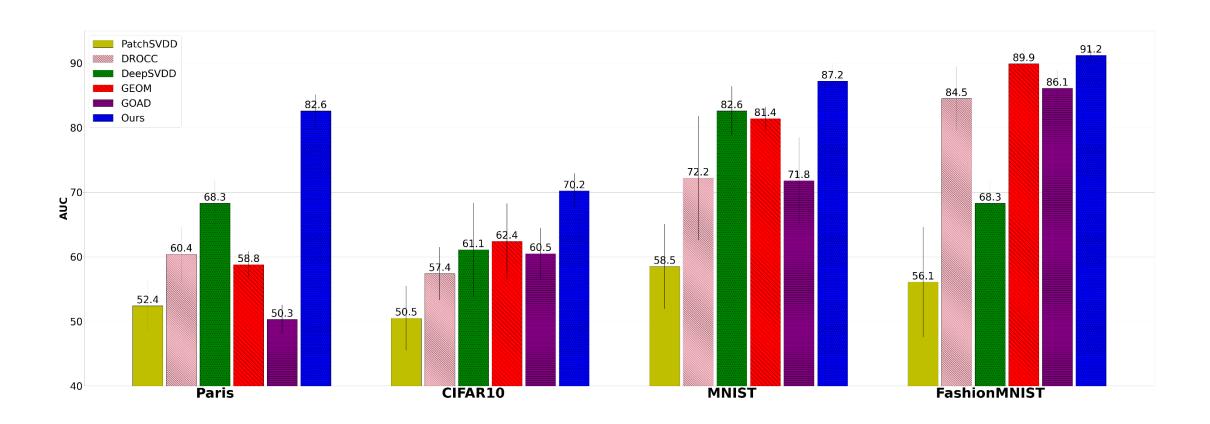
One-Shot



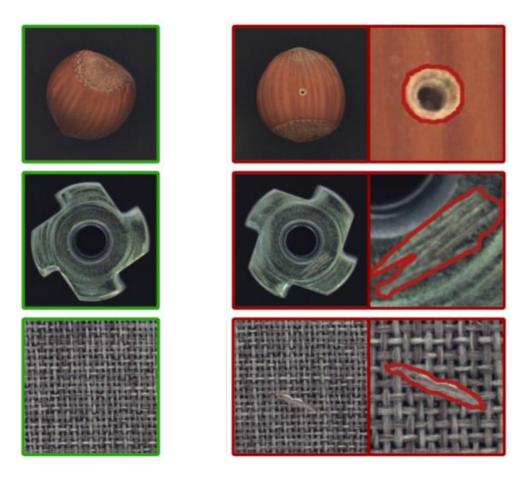
Five-Shot



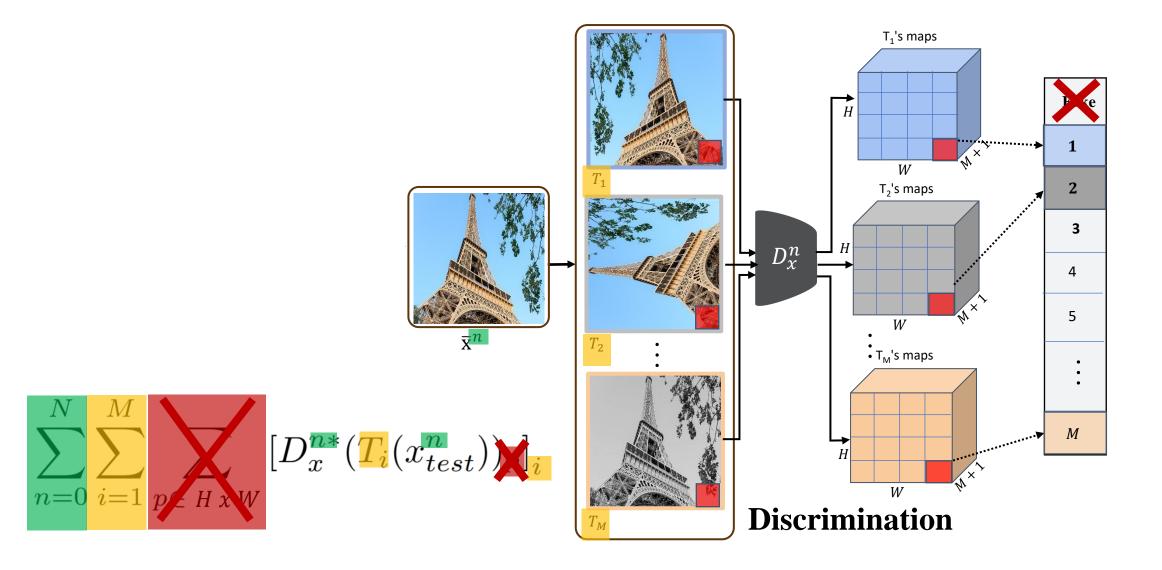
Ten-Shot



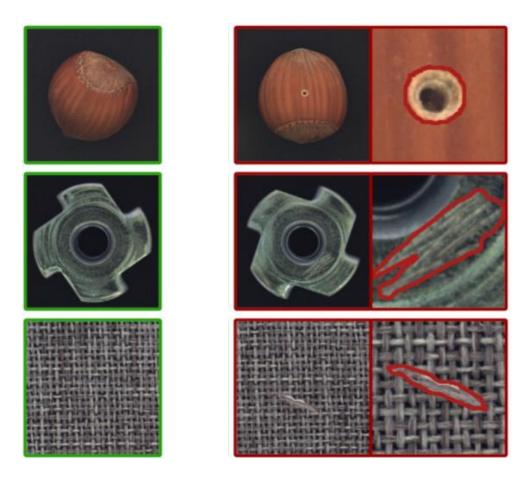
One Shot Defect Localization

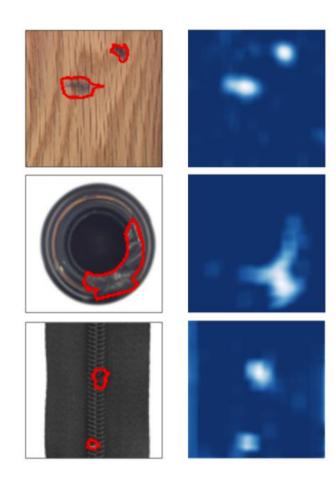


One Shot Defect Localization



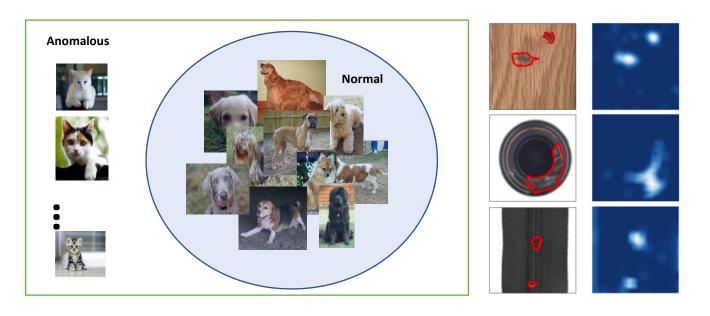
One Shot Defect Localization







Part II: Warnipulating Stylleturerstanding Structure



SpeedNet: Learning the Speediness in Videos

S. Benaim, A. Ephrat, O. Lang, I. Mosseri, W. T. Freeman, M. Rubinstein, M. Irani, T. Dekel. CVPR 2020.

Slower



Normal speed



Faster

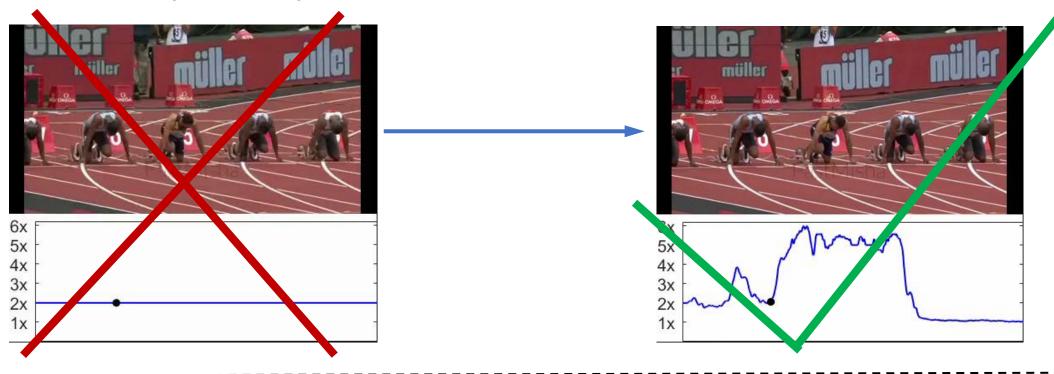


https://speednet-cvpr20.github.io/

Automatically predict "speediness"

Uniform Speed Up (2x)

Adaptive speed up (2x)

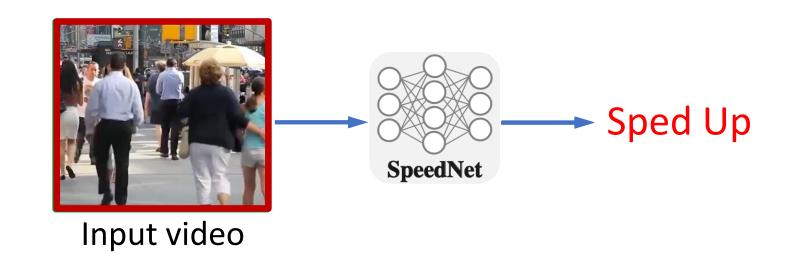


Other Applications:

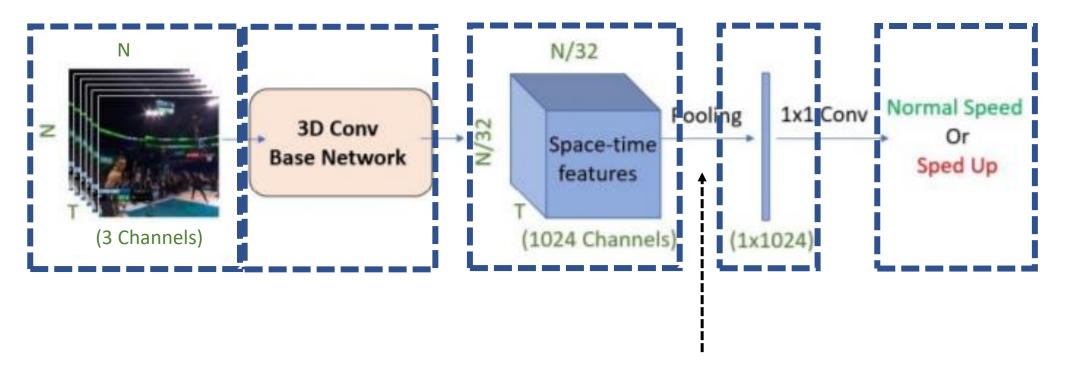
- Self-supervised action recognition
- Video retrieval

Training SpeedNet

Self-supervised training



Training SpeedNet



Spatial Max Pooling
Temporal Average Pooling

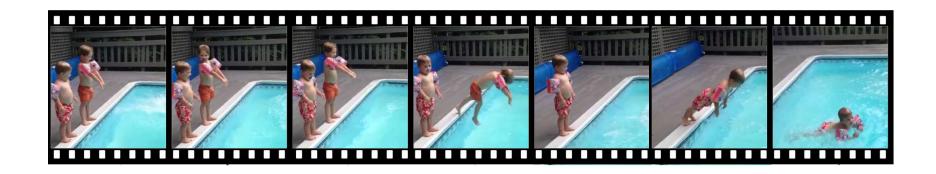
Training SpeedNet: Artificial Cues

Spatial augmentations.

Temporal augmentations

Same-batch training.

Spatial Augmentations



- Random resize of input (both downsample and upsample)
- Network cannot rely on size dependent factors

Temporal Augmentations





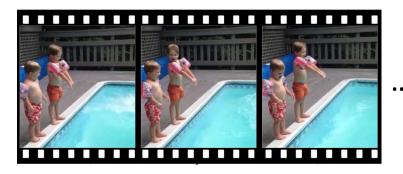


- Normal speed sample rate: 1-1.2x
- Sped up sample rate: 1.7-2.2x
- Randomly skip frames with probability 1 1/f where f is randomly chosen randomly in the desired range.

Same Batch Training

Same Batch

Normal speed



Speed up



Training SpeedNet: Artificial Cues

NFS: Need For Speed dataset taken at 240 FPS

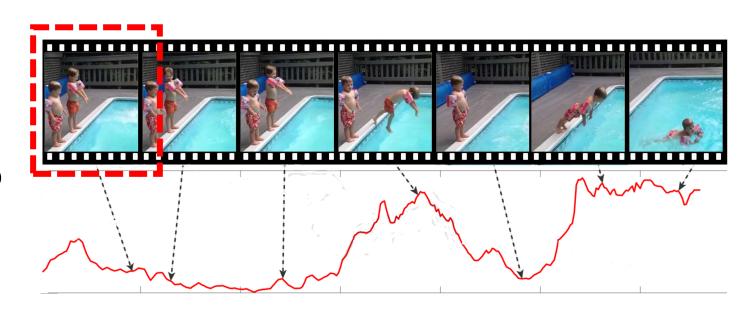
| | Model Type | | Accui | racy | |
|-------|-----------------|----------------|----------|-------|------------------|
| Batch | Temporal | Spatial | Kinetics | NFS | No "Shortcuts" - |
| Yes | Yes | Yes | 75.6% | 73.6% | - A gap of 2% |
| No | Yes | Yes | 88.2% | 59.3% | 71 gap 01 270 |
| No | No | Yes | 90.0% | 57.7% | "Chartente" A |
| No | No | No | 96.9% | 57.4% | "Shortcuts" – A |
| | | | | | gan of > 28% |

Adaptive video speedup

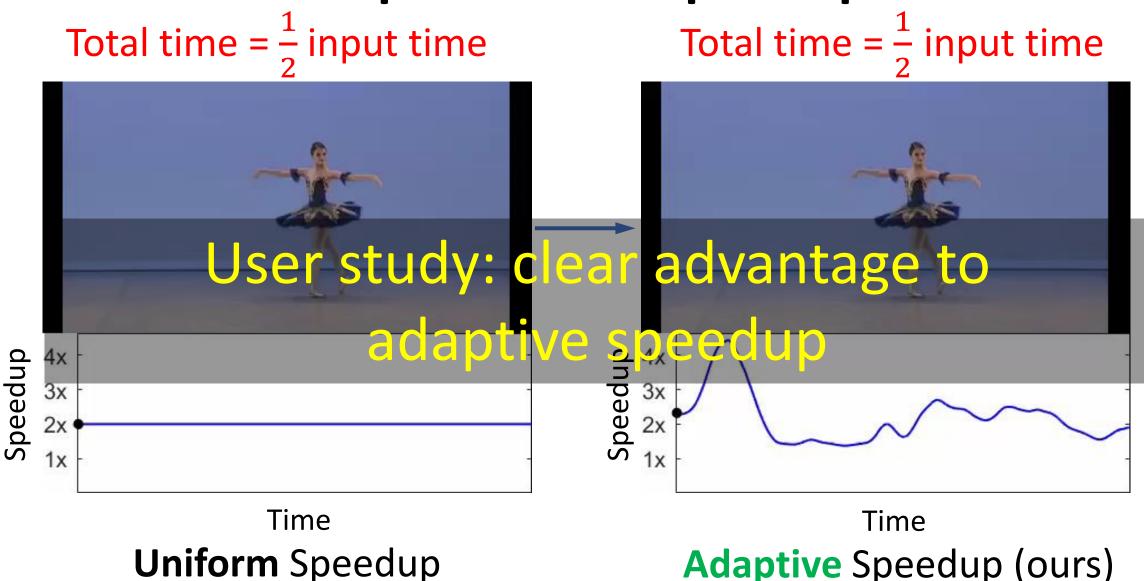
Inference on full sped-up video

Sped-up

Normal speed

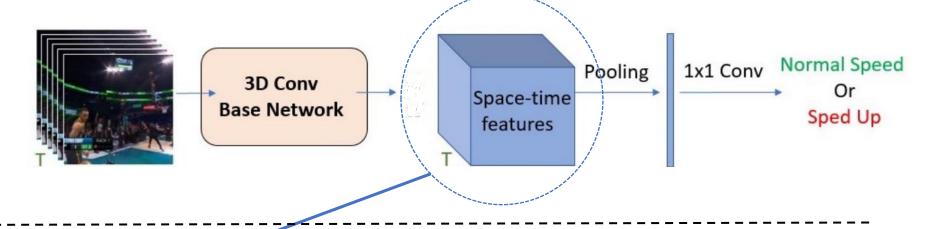


Adaptive video speedup



Other self supervised tasks

Train SpeedNet

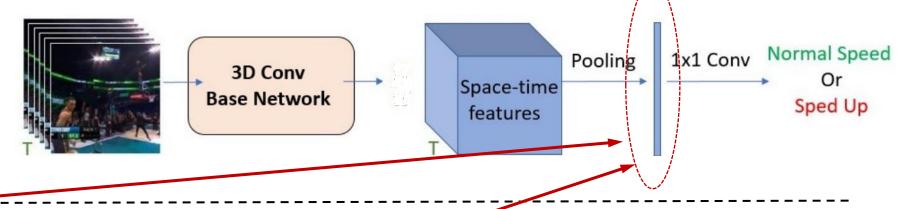


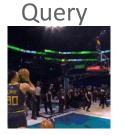
Self Supervised Action Recognition

| Initializa | Supervised accuracy | | | | | | |
|---------------------|---------------------|---------------|--------|--|--|--|--|
| Method | Architecture | UCF101 | HMDB51 | | | | |
| Random init | S3D-G | 73.8 | 46.4 | | | | |
| ImageNet inflated | S3D-G | 86.6 | 57.7 | | | | |
| Kinetics supervised | S3D-G | 96.8 | 74.5 | | | | |
| CubicPuzzle [19] | 3D-ResNet18 | 65.8 | 33.7 | | | | |
| Order [40] | R(2+1)D | 72.4 | 30.9 | | | | |
| DPC [13] | 3D-ResNet34 | 75.7 | 35.7 | | | | |
| AoT [38] | T-CAM | 79.4 | | | | | |
| SpeedNet (Ours) | S3D-G | 81.1 | 48.8 | | | | |
| Random init | I3D | 47.9 | 29.6 | | | | |
| SpeedNet (Ours) | I3D | 66.7 | 43.7 | | | | |

Other self supervised tasks: Video Retrieval

Train SpeedNet

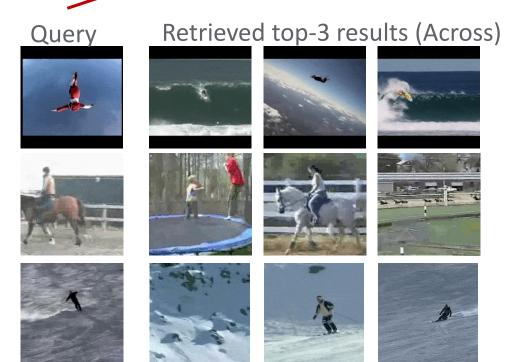




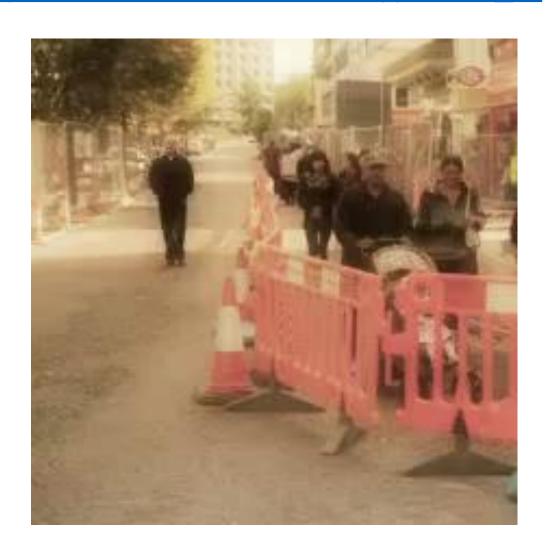
Retrieved top-3 results (Within)







"Memory Eleven": An artistic video by Bill Newsinger: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=djylS0Wi lo



Spatio-Temporal Visualizations

blue/green =
normal speed

yellow/orange =
slowed down



Permuted AdaIN: Reducing the Bias Towards Global Statistics in Image Classification

O. Nuriel, S. Benaim, L. Wolf. CVPR 2021.

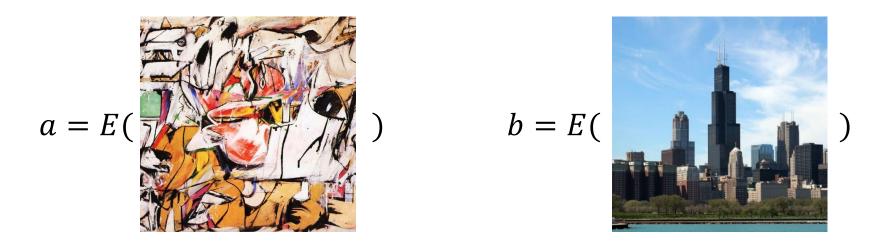
Swap the **global statistics** of an image while preserving its **structure**

Structure Preserving Transformation

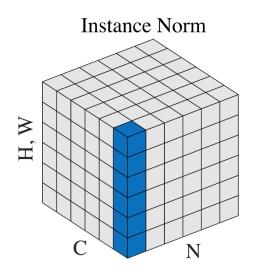


Structure Preserving Transformation

• $a \in \mathbb{R}^{C \times H \times W}$ and $b \in \mathbb{R}^{C \times H \times W}$ be the activations of some encoder E applied on images I_a and I_b respectively.



Instance Normalization



$$b=E($$

$$IN(b)_{chw} = \left(\frac{a_{chw} - \mu_c(b)}{\sigma_c(b)}\right)$$

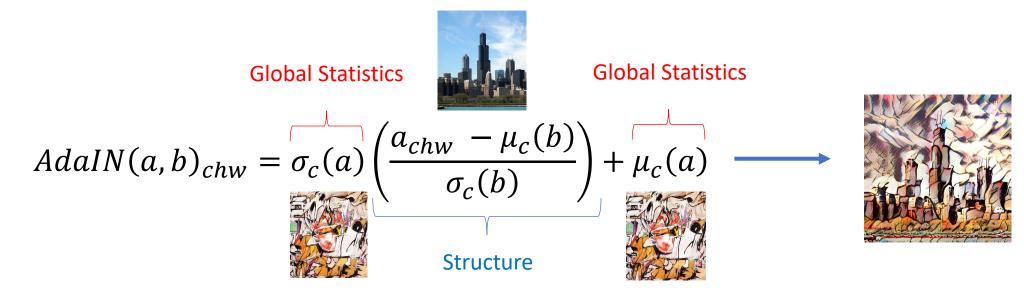
Adaptive Instance Normalization

$$a = E($$

$$b = E($$

$$AdaIN(a,b)_{chw} = \sigma_c(a) \left(\frac{a_{chw} - \mu_c(b)}{\sigma_c(b)} \right) + \mu_c(a)$$

Adaptive Instance Normalization



- AdalN swaps the global statistics of a to those of b
- μ and σ represent the **global statistics** of an image (such as brightness, contrast, lighting, global color changes and global texture)
- Structure represents information relating to shape of objects

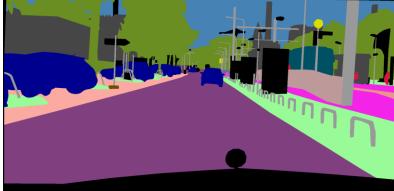
Supervised training on source domain and unsupervised on target domain

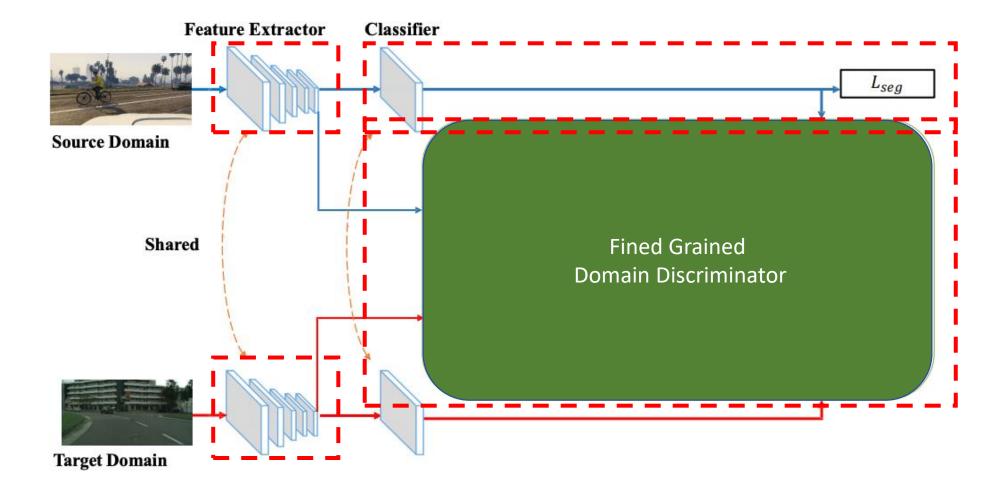
Source: GTAV



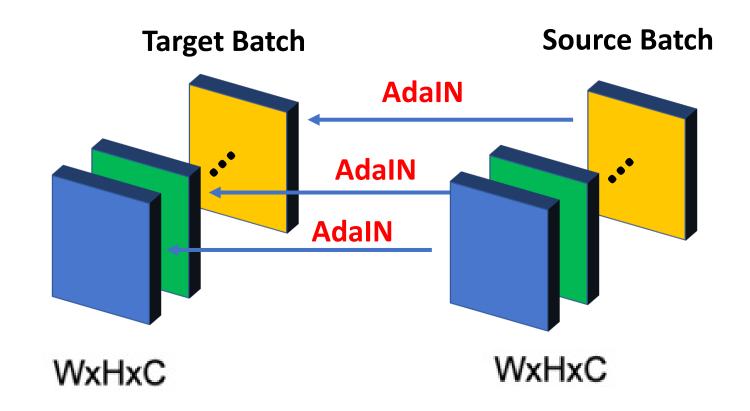
Target: Cityscapes

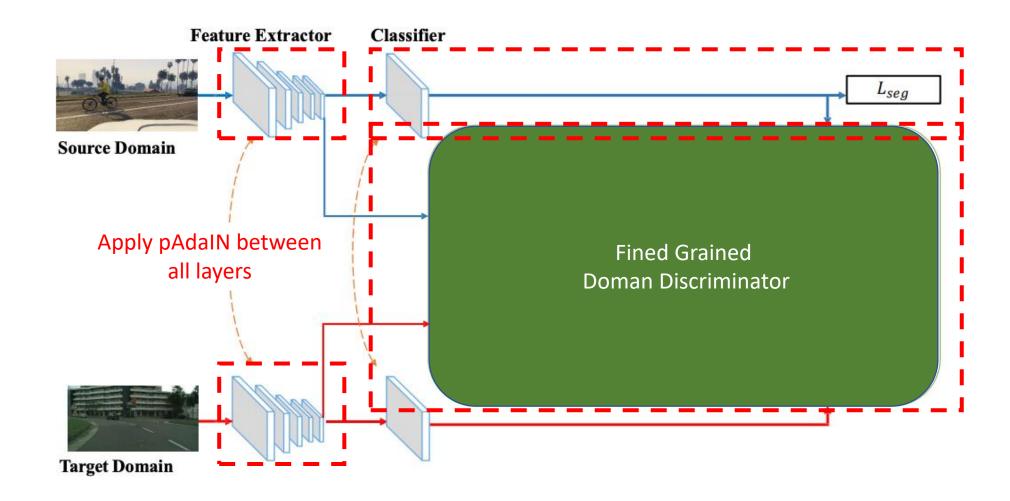






- Swap global statistics of target features with those of source features by applying AdaIN with probability p.
- Apply at every layer of the feature extractor.





GTAV to Cityscapes

| AdaptSegNet [35] | 86.5 | 36.0 | 79.9 | 23.4 | 23.3 | 23.9 | 35.2 | 14.8 | 83.4 | 33.3 | 75.6 | 58.5 | 27.6 | 73.7 | 32.5 | 35.4 | 3.9 | 30.1 | 28.1 | 42.4 |
|--------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| SIBAN [28] | 88.5 | 35.4 | 79.5 | 26.3 | 24.3 | 28.5 | 32.5 | 18.3 | 81.2 | 40.0 | 76.5 | 58.1 | 25.8 | 82.6 | 30.3 | 34.4 | 3.4 | 21.6 | 21.5 | 42.6 |
| CLAN [29] | 87.0 | 27.1 | 79.6 | 27.3 | 23.3 | 28.3 | 35.5 | 24.2 | 83.6 | 27.4 | 74.2 | 58.6 | 28.0 | 76.2 | 33.1 | 36.7 | 6.7 | 31.9 | 31.4 | 43.2 |
| AdaptPatch [36] | 92.3 | 51.9 | 82.1 | 29.2 | 25.1 | 24.5 | 33.8 | 33.0 | 82.4 | 32.8 | 82.2 | 58.6 | 27.2 | 84.3 | 33.4 | 46.3 | 2.2 | 29.5 | 32.3 | 46.5 |
| ADVENT [38] | 89.4 | 33.1 | 81.0 | 26.6 | 26.8 | 27.2 | 33.5 | 24.7 | 83.9 | 36.7 | 78.8 | 58.7 | 30.5 | 84.8 | 38.5 | 44.5 | 1.7 | 31.6 | 32.4 | 45.5 |
| FADA [40] | 92.5 | 47.5 | 85.1 | 37.6 | 32.8 | 33.4 | 33.8 | 18.4 | 85.3 | 37.7 | 83.5 | 63.2 | 39.7 | 87.5 | 32.9 | 47.8 | 1.6 | 34.9 | 39.5 | 49.2 |
| FADA [40] + pAdaIN | 93.3 | 55.7 | 85.6 | 38.3 | 29.6 | 31.2 | 34.2 | 17.8 | 86.2 | 41.0 | 88.8 | 65.1 | 37.1 | 87.6 | 45.9 | 55.1 | 15.1 | 39.4 | 31.1 | 51.5 |

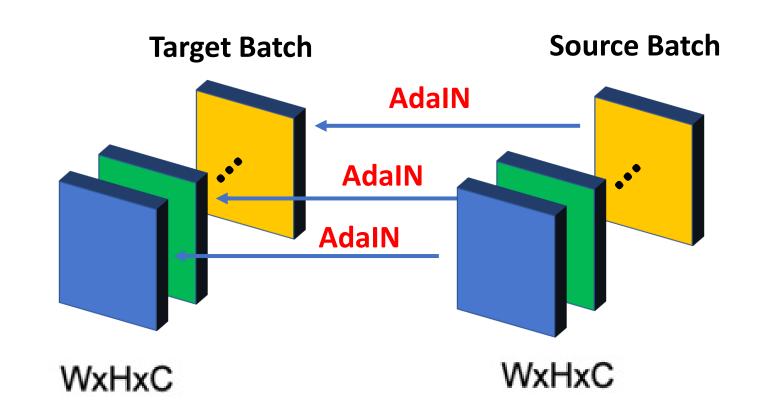


Image Classification

Swap global statistics between every two elements in the batch

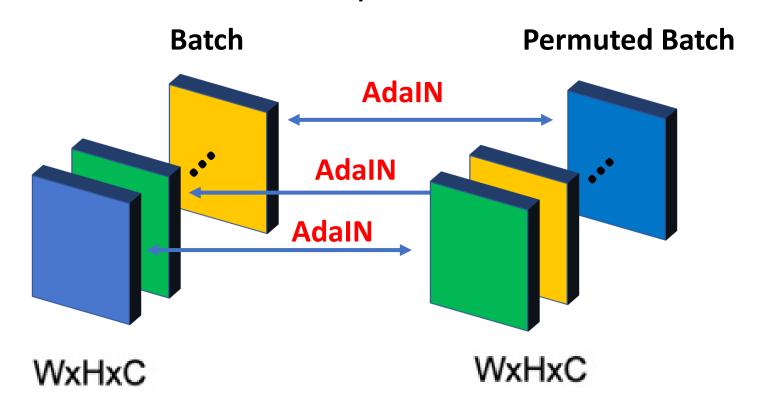


Image Classification

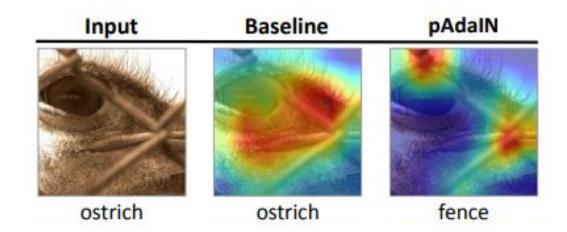
ImageNet

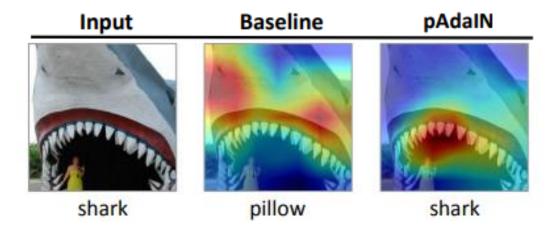
| Method | Architecture | Top-1 Accuracy | Top-5 Accuracy |
|----------|--------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Baseline | ResNet50 | 77.1 | 93.63 |
| pAdaIN | ResNet50 | 77.7 | 93.93 |
| Baseline | ResNet101 | 78.13 | 93.71 |
| pAdaIN | ResNet101 | 78.8 | 94.35 |
| Baseline | ResNet152 | 78.31 | 94.06 |
| pAdaIN | ResNet152 | 79.13 | 94.64 |

Cifar100

| Method | Architecture | CIFAR 100 |
|----------|--------------|-----------|
| Baseline | PyramidNet | 83.49 |
| pAdaIN | PyramidNet | 84.17 |
| Baseline | ResNet18 | 76.13 |
| pAdaIN | ResNet18 | 77.82 |
| Baseline | ResNet50 | 78.22 |
| pAdaIN | ResNet50 | 79.03 |

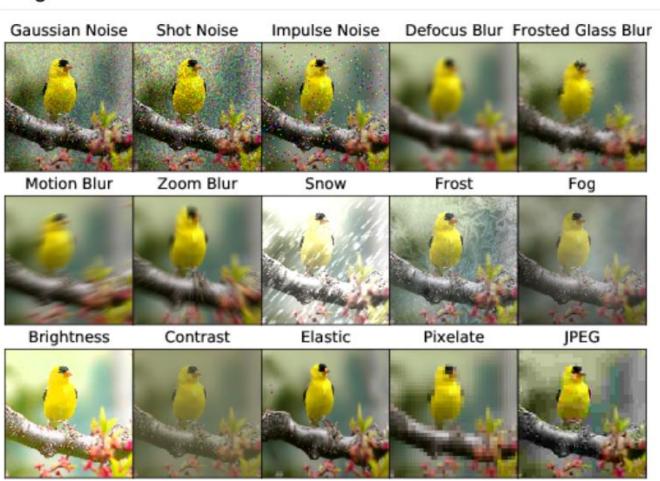
Image Classification





Robustness Towards Corruption

ImageNet-C



Robustness Towards Corruption

CIFAR100-C

| | Baseline | Cutout [8] | Mixup [43] | CutMix [43] | Auto- Augment [7] | Adversarial Training [30] | Augmix [18] | pAdaIN+ Augmix |
|-------------|----------|------------|------------|-------------|----------------------|------------------------------|-------------|-------------------|
| DenseNet-BC | 59.3 | 59.6 | 55.4 | 59.2 | 53.9 | 55.2 | 38.9 | 37.5 |
| ResNext-29 | 53.4 | 54.6 | 51.4 | 54.1 | 51.3 | 54.4 | 34.4 | 31.6 |

Category Wise Breakdown

| Dataset Network | Architecture | Е | mCE | | Noise | | Blur | | | | Weather | | | | Digital | | | |
|----------------------|--------------|------|------|-----------|-----------|---------|---------|-------|--------|-----------|---------|-------|-----|--------|----------|---------|-------|------|
| | | | | Gauss | . Shot | Impulse | Defocus | Glass | Motion | Zoom | Snow | Frost | Fog | Bright | Contrast | Elastic | Pixel | JPEG |
| INet-C Baseline | ResNet50 | 22.9 | 76.7 | 80 | 82 | 83 | 75 | 89 | 78 | 80 | 78 | 75 | 66 | 57 | 71 | 85 | 77 | 77 |
| INet-C pAdaIN | ResNet50 | 22.3 | 72.8 | 78 | 79 | 81 | 70 | 87 | 74 | 76 | 74 | 71 | 64 | 55 | 65 | 82 | 66 | 71 |
| C100-C Augmix [18] | DenseNet-BC | 24.2 | 38.9 | 60 | 51 | 41 | 27 | 55 | 31 | 29 | 36 | 39 | 35 | 28 | 37 | 33 | 39 | 41 |
| C100-C Augmix+pAdaIN | DenseNet-BC | 22.2 | 37.5 | 58 | 49 | 40 | 26 | 54 | 30 | 28 | 35 | 38 | 33 | 25 | 36 | 32 | 37 | 40 |
| C100-C Augmix [18] | ResNext-29 | 21.0 | 34.4 | 56 | 48 | 32 | 23 | 49 | 27 | 25 | 32 | 35 | 32 | 24 | 32 | 30 | 34 | 37 |
| C100-C Augmix+pAdaIN | ResNext-29 | 17.3 | 31.6 | 58 | 48 | 24 | 20 | 54 | 23 | 21 | 28 | 30 | 25 | 19 | 27 | 27 | 33 | 36 |

Manipulating Structure

- Multi-sample approaches
- Structural analogies
- Novel videos of similar structure
- Few shot anomaly detection

Manipulating by Understanding Structure

- Speed up videos "gracefully" using "speed" as supervision
- Image classification and domain adaptation using structure preserving manipulation

Structure is Key to **Image Understanding**

Demonstrate using Structure Aware Manipulation

Next?

- 3D-aware structure manipulation
- Manipulating multiple objects in videos
- Functional relationships: A person riding a bike vs a person beside a bike

Thank You! Questions?